

**FOOD SCIENCE AND DIETETICS 1
(FOOD SCIENCE TECHNOLOGY AND NUTRITION 1)
ACTIVITIES**

Course Code: 5756

A. INTRODUCTION TO FOOD SCIENCE

- 1. Interpret the interrelationship between food science and nutrition.**
 - Conduct investigations to become familiar with measuring equipment and skills.
 - Compare volume measurements using various types of glassware.
 - Compare masses using electronic and triple-beam balances.
 - Organize data and tables.
 - Identify the elements on the periodic table that are in common foods.
- 2. Evaluate how food products and processing have changed over time.**
 - Look at old cookbooks and compare it to present day foods.
 - Interview an older adult to determine the types of fast foods and convenience food they had when they were young.
 - Research food scientist.
- 3. Research the benefits of studying food science in a global society.**
 - Survey the origins of fruits and vegetables in the local grocery stores.
 - Create a collage of newspaper articles relating to national and international food supply.
 - Shape the collage like the country of origin.
 - Research the food customs of various religions and share findings

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B. LABORATORY SAFETY

- 1. Incorporate safe use of lab equipment.**
 - Discuss and quiz students on lab safety.
 - Prepare first aid supplies, personal and emergency protection equipment or supplies.
 - Recognize common laboratory hazards.
 - Locate a Materials Safety Data Sheet and/or fire extinguishers.
 - Sign Food and Conduct Contract and file the contract.

- 2. Integrate safe lab techniques and procedures.**
 - Discuss appropriate use of equipment.
 - Demonstrate safe lab techniques and procedures.

- 3. Implement sanitation practices in the lab.**
 - Practice aseptic techniques.
 - View video on universal precautions.
 - View the ServSafe video.
 - Sterilize reagents and equipment.

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C. ENERGY

- 1. Explore the types of energy used in the food industry.**
 - Put different substances in water to determine boiling point.
 - Conduct experiments comparing microwave to oven preparation.
 - Cook various sizes of foods, e.g., potatoes, to determine cooking times.
 - Make ice cream using two plastic bags (ice cream in a bag).
- 2. Investigate how energy is released and absorbed through physical and chemical changes.**

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D. METABOLISM

- 1. Compare the relationships between food intake, physical activity, and body weight.**
 - Keep a food journal to determine the relationship between food intake and the way you feel.
 - Keep a physical activity journal to determine the relationship between physical activity and the way you feel.
 - Keep weekly log of weight to compare weight and food intake.
- 2. Explain how metabolism relates to caloric need.**
 - Calculate personal basal metabolic rate (BMR) using a given formula.
 - Estimate body composition.
 - Plot body mass index.
 - Explore the perils of eating disorders.
 - Rate different diets for health needs.

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E. FOOD CHEMISTRY

- 1. Summarize the properties and uses of water.**
 - Construct models of water molecules using small gumdrops or jelly beans and toothpicks.
 - Perform an experiment on the boiling point of water using various additives.
 - Conduct a water taste test (tap water vs bottle.
 - Bake cakes using various amounts of water.
 - Dehydrate hotdogs to determine water content.

- 2. Summarize the purpose of carbohydrates in foods.**
 - Taste different types of sugars and sugar alternatives to rank sweetness and solubility (fondants, fudge, etc.).
 - Do experiments with a number of different foods to show starch content.
 - Collect 10 labels from 10 food items and graph carbohydrate content.
 - Cook pasta with various amounts of water to determine length of cooking time.

- 3. Summarize the purpose of lipids in foods.**
 - Collect 10 labels from 10 food items and graph fat content
 - Taste test between different levels of fats.
 - Survey margarine labels to determine type of fats used in the products.
 - Compare by substituting products for lipids (yogurt, sour cream, applesauce, puree prune, egg whites).

- 4. Summarize the purpose of protein in foods.**
 - Collect 10 labels from 10 food items and graph protein content.
 - Use egg foam to show denaturization of protein.
 - Sensory evaluation of products made with animal proteins or alternatives.
 - Expand the effects of heat and acid on milk or other protein in products.

- 5. Summarize enzyme reactions in foods.**
 - Taste baby food, clean spoon off with your mouth, and stick spoon back in baby food to see the food breakdown.
 - Use raw potato or pineapple to determine heating point the catalyst is destroyed.
 - Illustrate how digestive enzymes work throughout the body (mouth, stomach, intestines).

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- 6. Identify the properties of minerals and vitamins in foods.**
 - Collect 10 labels from 10 food items and graph mineral and vitamin content.
 - Use magnet to test foods for iron.
 - Compare the solubility of vitamins (water, fat).
 - Identify cooking methods used to retain nutrients.

- 7. Justify the use of additives in foods.**
 - Research enrichments and fortification of foods as related to health.
 - Chart the comparison of different purposes of additives in foods (preserve quality, enhance sensory, or control consistency).

- 8. Summarize the purpose of acids and bases in foods.**
 - **Conduct a pH test on common kitchen ingredients.**
 - Test the pH of your saliva.
 - Evaluate the effect of chemical leavening agents.

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F. FOOD MICROBIOLOGY

- 1. Discriminate among yeast, bacteria, and mold.**
 - Compare and contrast microbes.
 - Compare the effects of ingredients on the growth of yeast.
- 2. Investigate the basic conditions that promote bacterial growth.**
 - Conduct an experiment on agar using various bacteria in varying conditions.
- 3. Specify the process for making cultured foods (i.e. dairy foods).**
 - Relate the economic impact of food spoilage in underdeveloped countries.
 - Conduct an experiment-making yogurt (lactic acid bacteria).

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G. FOOD PROCESSING AND PRESERVATION

- 1. Analyze food-processing methods.**
 - Construct a model of how the various forms of food preservation interrelate.
- 2. Explain the role of preservatives.**
 - Compare homemade products with commercial products (i. e. bread)
 - Compare pickled products to fresh products.
 - Compare different preservation methods.
- 3. Explain the importance of packaging and processing in protecting the quality and safety of foods.**
 - Compare different packaging for refrigeration, freezing, and dry storage.

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H. FOOD SAFETY

- 1. Summarize information regarding food borne illnesses as a health issue for individuals and families.**
- 2. Relate the risks and/or threats to our nation's food supply.**
 - Debate the risks and benefits of using pesticides to produce foods.
 - Recommend potential remedies for those threats/risks.
 - Research and present examples of emerging technology in food processing (vacuum packaging and UHT milk).
 - Visit website for the center for disease control.
 - Construct a chart of food safety from the farm to the table.

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I. CAREERS IN FOOD SCIENCE

- 1. Describe career paths within food science and nutrition.**
 - Organize a chart depicting career opportunities in food science and nutrition.